Community Works Fund Program

2024-2034

Eligible Investment Categories

Local governments can invest their annual CWF allocations in 21 unique capital and capacity building project categories, described in more detail on the following pages.

Within these categories, local governments can acquire, plan, design, build, or renovate, or extend their life span of tangible capital assets¹.

Project funding can be used for planning purposes, including detail design documents and feasibility studies, through the appropriate funding category. The studies must be tied to an identified capital project, but do not need to lead to the construction of capital infrastructure projects to be eligible.

The following projects examples are ineligible uses of Community Works funding:

City halls, public works buildings and other administrative buildings Child care centres Social housing Seniors care facilities and housing Health care related infrastructure Small equipment purchases as stand-alone projects

For questions on eligibility, email <u>ccbf@ubcm.ca</u> or call 250-356-0876.

¹ Tangible capital assets are non-financial assets having physical substance that are acquired, constructed or developed and: (i) are held for use in the production or supply of goods and services; (ii) have useful lives extending beyond an accounting period and are intended to be used on a continuing basis; and (iii) are not intended for sale in the ordinary course of operations.

Category	Description	Examples	Exclusions
Local Roads, Bridges and Active Transportation	New construction, upgrading, repurposing, life extension or safety- related improvements on local roads and bridges. Planning activities are also eligible.	New construction and rehabilitation of local roads, bridges, cycling lanes, sidewalks multi-use paths. Intelligent Transportation systems. Additional capacity for high occupancy transit lanes, grade separations, interchange structures, tunnels, intersections and roundabouts.	Rolling stock purchases.
Drinking Water	New construction, upgrading, repurposing or life extension of infrastructure that supports drinking water conservation, collection, treatment and distribution systems. Planning activities are also eligible.	Drinking water treatment infrastructure. Drinking water distribution system (including metering).	Generators or other equipment that are not fixed assets.
Wastewater	New construction,	Wastewater collection systems	Generators or other
&	upgrading, repurposing or	and or wastewater treatment	equipment that are not fixed
Stormwater	life extension of	facilities or systems.	assets.

	infrastructure that	Separation of combined sewers	Lagoon sludge removal.
	supports wastewater and	and or combined sewer	
	stormwater collection,	overflow control, including real-	The acquisition of equipment
	treatment, and	time control and system	and monitoring measures are
	management systems.	optimization.	ineligible as standalone items.
			They can be eligible if part of a
	Planning activities are also	Separate storm water collection	larger project.
	eligible.	systems and or storm water	
		treatment facilities or systems.	
		Wastewater sludge treatment	
		and management systems.	
		Construction or restoration of	
		naturalized water retention or	
		detention systems (naturalized	
		stormwater ponds, wetlands,	
		and coastal restoration).	
		Construction of stormwater	
	New construction,	management ponds.	
		Solid waste diversion projects	
	upgrading, repurposing, or life extension of	including recycling, composting	
Solid Waste	infrastructure that	and anaerobic digestion	Individual residential work.
SUIIU WASLE		facilities that are clearly linked	individual residential work.
	supports solid waste	to a solid waste management	
	management systems. This	plan or sustainability plan.	
	also includes rolling stock		

	and collection bins where required to support collection or processing of waste. Planning activities are also eligible.	Solid waste disposal projects including thermal processes, gasification, and landfill gas recovery. Solid waste disposal strategies that reduce resource use that are clearly linked to a solid waste management plan or sustainability plan.	
Public Transit	New construction, upgrading, repurposing or life extension of infrastructure that supports a shared passenger transport system that is available for public use, including the purchase of rolling stock. Planning activities are also eligible.	Transit infrastructure such as rail and bus rapid transit systems, and related facilities. Buses, rail cars, ferries, Para- transit vehicles, and other rolling stock and associated infrastructure. Intelligent Transport Systems such as fare collection, fleet management, transit priority signalling, and real time traveler information system at stations and stops. Related capital infrastructure including bus lanes, streetcar and trolley infrastructure, storage and maintenance	Licencing fees for software supporting traffic management systems or ITS.

		facilities, security enhancement,	
		and transit passenger terminals.	
Fire Halls and Fire Trucks	New construction, upgrading, repurposing, or life extension of fire halls. The purchase of fire tucks as a stand-alone project is eligible. Planning activities are also eligible.	New fire hall (building) for housing fire- fighting apparatus and staff (may include attached dorms, basic training facilities and administration areas). Retro-fit and modernization of existing firehalls and attached building space. Acquisition of a fire-truck as a capital asset as a stand-alone project.	Unfixed assets such as personal protective equipment and communication devices.
Community Energy Systems	New construction, upgrading, repurposing or life extension of infrastructure that generates energy or increases energy efficiency. Planning activities are also eligible.	Renewable electricity generators. Electric vehicle infrastructure/fleet vehicle Conversion. Hydrogen infrastructure (generation, distribution, storage). Wind/solar/thermal/geothermal energy systems. Alternative energy systems that serve local government infrastructure.	Individual residential work. Rebate programs for individual citizens or local businesses.

		Retrofit of local government buildings and infrastructure not captured in any other eligible category.	
Sport Infrastructure	New construction, upgrading, repurposing, or life extension of amateur sport facilities. Planning activities are also eligible.	Sport infrastructure for community public use. Sport infrastructure in support of major amateur athletic events.	Facilities that are home to professional sports teams and ineligible for funding.
Recreation Infrastructure	New construction, upgrading, repurposing or life extension of recreational facilities or networks. Planning activities are also eligible.	Large facilities or complexes which support physical activity such as arenas, gymnasiums, swimming pools, sports fields, tennis, basketball, volleyball or other sport specific courts, or other facilities that have sport and/or physical activity as a primary rationale. Networks of parks, fitness trails and bike paths and hiking trails, not primarily used to supplement road use.	Private facilities and religious sites.
Cultural Infrastructure	New construction, upgrading, repurposing, or	Museums.	Private facilities and religious sites.

	life extension of infrastructure that supports the arts and/or heritage culture. Planning activities are also eligible. Restoring or preserving designated heritage sites that are recognized by: UNESCO; The Canadian government, as per the national federal register of historic places; or A provincial, territorial or local government.	The preservation of designated heritage sites. Local government owned libraries and archives. Facilities for the creation, production, and presentation of the arts Infrastructure in support of the creation of a cultural precinct within an urban core. Community centers that offer programming to the community at large, including all segments of the population, including Eriendship Centers.	Public art installations.
Tourism Infrastructure	New construction, upgrading, repurposing, or life extension of infrastructure that attracts travelers for recreation, leisure, business or other purposes. Planning activities are also eligible.	Friendship Centers. Convention centers. Exhibition hall-type facilities. Visitor centres.	Private facilities and religious sites. Public art installations.

Regional & Local Airports	New construction, upgrading, repurposing, life extension or safety- related improvements to aeronautical and/or non- aeronautical infrastructure at regional, local, or remote airports. Planning activities are also	Resurfacing runways, taxiways, aprons, parking lot and ramps; Installing navigational aids and runway lighting; Designing, constructing and/or rehabilitating an aircraft hangar or shed. Replacing or upgrading airport drainage work.	Airports included in the National Airports System, as per National Airports Policy, 1994. Airports owned by Transport Canada. Any investments that are eligible under Transport Canada's Trade and Transportation Corridors
	eligible.	floatplane or seaplane docks.	Initiative (TTCI).
Brownfield Redevelopment	Remediation or decontamination and redevelopment of a brownfield site within municipal boundaries, where the redevelopment includes: The construction of public infrastructure as identified in the context of any category under the CCBF; The construction of publicly-owned social housing with funding from other funds; or	Installing geotextiles or other barriers to obstruct the migration of contaminants before building a new recreation facility. Installation of a monitoring system. Pumping and treating contaminated groundwater prior to the construction of a new park. Design and construction of a long-term monitoring system for a remediated brownfield site.	Ongoing monitoring costs.

	The construction of a	Relandscaping/restoration of	
	public park for municipal	natural landscape or wetlands.	
	use. Planning activities are also		
	eligible.		
Resilience (formerly Disaster Mitigation)	New construction, modification, reinforcement or relocation of public infrastructure. Planning activities are also eligible.	Construction, modification or reinforcement of structures that protect from, prevent or mitigate potential physical damage resulting from extreme natural events, and impacts or events related to climate change. Modification, reinforcement or relocation of existing public infrastructure to mitigate the effects of and/or improve resiliency to extreme national events and impacts or events related to climate change.	Medical or educational facilities. The relocation of communities.
Broadband Connectivity	New construction, upgrading, repurposing, or life extension of infrastructure that provides internet access to residents, businesses, and/or institutions in	Technologies such as fiber optics, wireless, cable, DSL and satellite. Laying fibre optic cable to bring broadband Internet access to a community.	Investments on private property (e.g., connecting dwellings to fibre optic cable).

	Canadian communities.	Installing servers, towers,	
	Planning activities are also	repeaters, and other elements	
	eligible.	of an Internet backbone.	
		Installing receivers, dishes, and	
		other assets to expand satellite	
		capacity for community use.	
		Laying fibre optic cable to	
		enable households, businesses,	
		and institutions to connect to an	
		Internet backbone.	
	New construction,	Upgrading a dock's laydown	
	upgrading, repurposing, or	areas to improve safety and	
	life extension of the	reduce delays of sealift	
	following capitalized and	unloading.	
Short-sea	fixed port infrastructure	Improving safe access for barge	The purchase of vessels.
Shipping	built on or adjacent to	offloading which will reduce	The purchase of vessels.
	port lands that increases	delays and resupply costs.	
	short sea shipping	Planning design and	
	capacity. Planning	construction of new barge	
	activities are also eligible.	landing sites.	
	New construction,	Designing and constructing a	
	upgrading, repurposing or	cargo loading and unloading	
	life extension of rail	facility.	Class I Railways and their
Short-line Rail	infrastructure that services	Building or renovating a	subsidiaries are not eligible
	freight. Planning activities	passenger station or terminal.	recipients.
	are also eligible.		
		Installing tracks and switches.	

		Current State of Assets	
	Projects that strengthen	Assessment	
	the ability of	Asset Management Policy	
	municipalities to develop	Asset Management Strategy	
	long-term infrastructure	Asset Management Plan	
	management and planning	Long-Term Financial Plan	
	practices.	Asset Management Practices	
		Implementation Plan	
	Studies, strategies, and	Asset Management Plan Annual	
	systems related to asset	Report	
	management;	Integrated community	
	Training directly related to	sustainability plans	
Capacity	asset management	Regional growth strategies	
Building	planning including the	Community development plans	Ongoing operating costs.
Danang	development of training	Community plans	
	material to support this	Transportation plans	
	training;	Infrastructure development	
	Asset management plans;	plans	
	Capital investment plans;	Liquid waste management plans	
	Integrated community	Solid waste management plans	
	sustainability plans; and,	Long-term cross-modal	
	Long-term infrastructure	transportation	
	plans (e.g., Transportation	plans	
	Master Plans).	Water conservation/demand	
		management plans	
	Housing Needs Reports	Drought management	
		contingency plans	

Air quality plans
GHG reduction plans
Energy conservation plans
Housing Needs Reports